able scourge. The Republicans of the country are looking upon the performances of the Maine conspirators with a sort of petrified amazement which in some degree tempers their indignation. It is incomprehensible that so many of the men who were counted in should have consented to accept the wages of sin, especially when the sin is so great and the wages are so small. It is a case in which victory is defeat and defeat destruction. Whatever the issue may be it is a foregone conclusion that material advantage to the Republican cause will accrue from this bald attempt to consummate a transparent inquity. That circumstance, however, will not avert any of the odium from the perpetrators of the villainy. The crime of Judas laid the foundation of Christianity, but he has been none the less the object of the world's loathing ever since simply because good came of the evil he did.

men whose officers were acquired by violence

and are retained by force, would be an intoler-

## XLVIth CONGRESS-Ist Session

SENATE. Washington, Jan. 12.

The bill to ascertain the losses sustained by citizens on account of Indian depredations,

citizens on account of Indian depredations, was referred.

Mr. Hamlin of Maine presented a memorial of citizens of Maine, asking legislation to give all rightful claimants upon the Geneva award fund immediate and sufficient opportunity to present their claims. Mr. Hamlin earnestly invited attention and early action of the judiciary committee to whom the petition was referred upon subject.

Bill for the relief of Theophilus P. Chandler, late Assistant United States Treasurer at Boston, from liability for defalcation of an employe, was referred, as was also bill for relief of John S. Logan.

Senate passed a bill for the relief of the sufferers by loss of the government steamer Don Cameron, and the bill for the prevention of cruelty to animals in transportation was taken

on motion of Mr. Thurman the bill was postponed until Monday.

The military appropriation bill was passed as Mr. Kirkwood of Iowa, from the committee

on pensions, reported favorably on the Senate bill for the increase of pensions of totally dis-abled soldiers and sailors. Placed on the At 2 p. m. the Senate went into executive HOUSE.

Several bills and resolutions were introduced By Mr. Ballou of Rhode Island, to reduce By Mr. Robinson of Mass., in regard to compensation and expenses of pension agents.

By Mr. Wood, to facilitate the refunding of the national debt.

the national debt.

By Mr. Warner, to stop paper inflation and provide for the necessary increase of currency by free coinage of silver and gold.

By Mr. Forsythe, to increase the circulation of national banks and relieve them from payment of tax on circulation.

A resolution directing the committee on expenditures in the State Department to investigate the facts relative to the consulate at Hong Kong was adouted.

Kong was adopted.

A resolution by Mr. Harmer, to appoint a committee to inquire into the methods of paying pension arrears, bounties and back pay to soldiers, with a view to the enactment of such legislation as may correct existing defects and protect pensioners in their rights, was adopted

A motion to suspend the rules and pass a bill admitting salt free of duty was lost.

A petition asking for a reduction of duty ou steel rails was referred. A petition representing \$200,000,000 capital, sking for the enactment of a law to protect rademarks, was referred. Adjouened.

Annual Report of the Reading Railroad.

Philadelphia, Jan. 12.—The report of the Reading Railroad Company, and that of the Coal and Iron Company, presented to the shareholders at the annual meeting today, shows a cash deficit in the operations of the two companies of \$970,958, as against \$924,950 last year, an increased deficit of \$148,008. To this cash deficit must be added the sum of \$1,846,899, being the amount of the year's fixed charges previously paid in scrip. The deficit is due to the low prices of coal during the year. The managers present estimates for the coming year based upon the improved condition of the coal trade, and general revival of manufacturing industry showing an earning capacity for 1880 equal to 12 per cent. on the share capital of the company. Officers elected: President, Franklin B. Gowen; Managers, H. Pratt McKean, A. E. Borie, J. B. Lippincott, John Ashhurst, Henry Lewis, L. V. Williamson; Treasurer, Samuel Bradford; Secretary David J. Brown—all being same as last year. Annual Report of the Reading Railroad

The Distress in Ireland.

London, Jan. 12.—Correspondents of the press association report the distress in Ireland increasing. Five hundred inhabitants of Skulebog district, county of Limerick, are on the brink of stasvation. They proceeded today in a body to Croom and obtained four cart loads of bread by the earnest representations of their extremity. The streets of Cork are patrolled by mounted police and the magistrates of that city have passed resolutions urging greater activity in the suppression of demonstrations partaking of the nature of bread riots, and asking the appointment of additional police. The Distress in Ireland.

al police.

At Birkenhead yesterday if was resolved to raise subscriptions to the Duchess of Marl-Davitt, Daly, Killen and Brennan today received notices commanding them to appear before the Court of Queen's Bench at Dublin

The Butchers' Strike. CHICAGO, Jan. 12.—All indications have een pointing for a week past to the speedy isolution of the Butchers' Union and a return disolution of the Butchers' Union and a return of the strikers to work on terms dictated by the employers. The latter have been gradually augmenting their forces until now they have enough deserters from the union and of imported workmen to take care of the limited number of hogs which come in daily. All strikers returning to work are required to sign resignation as members of the union, and it is expected the union will be speedily broken up by these means, as the men are weakening.

DES MOINES, Jan. 12.—The legislature convened to-day. The Governor's message recommends the payment of the entire state debt, \$545,345, at maturity July 1, 1881, and holding state elections the same date as congressional

Wife Murder and Suicide MILWAUKEE, Jan. 12.—Capt. Wilkinsen, leader of the band at the National Soldiers' Home, shot his wife and then himself last night. Both are dead. Cause, domestic tables.

MINOR TELEGRAMS.

Arriving ocean steamers at New York contime to report extremely stormy weather. The steamship Batavia's decks were swept frequently by high seas, and the whole voyage was one of discomfort and terror to the passen-

Edward Morrison, a clerk in a drug store on Sixth avenue, New York, was found on the street with two bullet wounds in his head yesterday morning. It is stated that he was chased out of a store about one o'clock by a colored woman who fired three shots at him. Eighty-seven men were captured at a brutal cock fight in Yonkers, N. J., Sunday. Also 47 roosters.

Captain Williams, leader of the band at the National Soldiers' Home at Milwaukee, shot his wife and then himself Sunday night. Both are dead. The cause was domestic trouble. Henry Holland, a lawyer, and Henry Probst, a well known musician of New York, both committed suicide yesterday.

## TELEGRAPH.

AUGUSTA.

REPUBLICANS TAKE POSSES SION OF THE STATE HOUSE,

And Organize a New Legisla ture.

THE PENDING QUESTIONS TO BE SENT TO THE COURTS.

Gen. Chamberlain Refuses Recognize Lamson.

A Fusion Official Undertakes to Bulldose Gen. Chamberlain,

BUT MEETS WITH POOR SUC-

[Special Despatch to the Press.] Augusta, Jan. 12.-At an early hour this morning Gen. Chamberlain issued an order cautioning all military organizations to be careful how they obeyed any but legal authority and for the present to obey such orders only as come from him. It was issued by Gen. Chamberlain with a view to prevent inexperienced commanders from getting themselves into trouble. In case the Fusion policy should he to order out the militia over his head the risk to them would be very great in obeying orders from usurpers authority. Gen. Chamberlain chose to take the entire responsibility on himself by giving all military organizations mperative orders to obey nobody but him, thus holding his subordinates exmept from the dangerous consequences of making a mistake. In any emergency it is pretty safe to say that our militia would obey nobody else but Gen. Chamberlain.

Gove Fails to Get the Election Return Secretary of State Gove called at General Chamberlaiu's headquarters about 9 o'clock this morning and demanded that the election returns in the Executive Chamber should be given to him as they were properly in his custody. The General's reply was that his view of it all along has been that he should hold everything in that chamber just as Gov. Garcelon left it; that he might turn it over to his successor exactly in the condition in which he found it. The General would not say however that he would refuse to deliver the eturns to any authority he was satisfied he had the right to demand them. He told Gove that he should decline to place them in his hands, and if he would make his request in writing he would give the answer in writing. Hypocritical Fusionists.

The Fusionists affect to be jubilant over heir doings of to-day. They say we now have a regularly constituted legislature and a governor, and this has been accomplished in a perfectly lawful manner and in accordance with the forms of law. Now if the Republicans continue to keep away and thereby continue to obstruct the progress of legis-lation then we can go before the country and show that the responsibily and its con-sequences are with them. Lamson is lawful rnor and as such he must be respected an beyed accordingly, and the opinion of Chief Justice Mellen in the case of Nathan Cutter in 1829 when as President of the Senate he became governor in consequence of the deease of Lincoln is cited as a precedent which they have followed. The Fusionists say that Lamson is now ready to swear in the sixty Republicans; and it is also reported that the twelve Representatives from the cities will now be allowed to come and take their seats. If the Fusionists cannot get a quorum how they will then proceed is a question. Some think they will confine themselves to the alleged bribery investigation, while others believe they will go at once to laws and legislation generally.

Lamson and Chamberlain. One of the most important questions asked after Lamson was qualified as Governor has been whether he will recognize Gen. Chamberlain. There were various reports about the matter, some to the effect that Gen. Chamberlain would be placed under arrest if he refused to obey Lamson's mandates, and others that he would be unmolested, but would be allowed to continue to act under Garcelon's order. He never asked for the keys of that chamber of Gen. Chamberlain, who has them in his possession. He has taken up his quarters in the Council chhmber.

The Republicans Organize a Legislature Late this afternoon the Republicans brought the crisis to a head by organizing a Legislature of their own in the State House. Between 5 and 6 o'clock they commenced entering the John W. Phinney, Assistant Clerks. State House by twos and threes until there was a large crowd in the rotunda. At that time it was a period of unusual quiet at 'Gen Chamberlain's headquarters. Two of the Republican members-elect had dropped in there and in a quiet way asked him if the memberselect who had not been qualified could have the use of the legislative chambers for the purpose of holding a meeting. He told them he saw no reason why they should not, and as he likes to have everything in writing, he sat down and began writing an order which they might have as their protection against interference. The General's theory as to the use of the halls has been from the first that all who claim seats there should be entitled to enter the halls at proper times, and that he would protect members against all outside interfer nce, but would not protect one political party as against another. As he anticipated some protest from the Fusionists against the occupation of the halls by the Republicans, he deemed it prudent to give them the identical assurance he gave Speaker Talbot of the Fusion House a few days since, the following be

ion House a few days since, the following being a copy:

State House, Augusta. Jan. 12, 1880.
To S. J. Young and Geo. E. Weeks, Esqs.
Gentlemen,—I have received your request for my permission to occupy the legislative halls for use of members elect of the Senate and House, and have to say in reply that I consider those halls are subject to their uses for all proper purposes. I expressed the same view to the Hon. J. C. Talbot on the 9th inst., in the following language:

in the following language:

"I shall not interfere in the occupancy of the hall of the House of Representatives by those who are or claim to be elected by the people to seats therein, nor shall I permit others to interfere. I will guarantee that the hall shall be ready for occupancy and peaceful possession when they shall desire."

The same privilege will of course be extended to you as others. Very respectfully, Your obedient servant,

JOSHUA L. CHAMBERLAIN,

Major-General.

Whife Gen. Chamberlain was writing this rder, Dr. Lancaster, Superintendent of Public Buildings, came into his presence in a frenzied hurry and shouted, "Gen. Chamberlain, there is a mob pushing upon the staircase and are going to break into the Representatives' Hall."
"Are you suie it's a mob," asked Gen. Chamberlain. Lancaster replied that it wasn't the legal House, and any other men were a mob.

The General quietly told him that every man the description of the people of Maine has brought these gentlement here to-night. The ninety-one men

Chamberlain!" Meantime the doorkeeper of the Representatives' Hall was standing outside of Gen. Chamberlain's headquarters trembling with terror, with the keys of the Hall in his hand. "Shall I open the door?" he asked the General. "Certainly and immediately." replied the General. At that, Lancaster snatched the keys from him and ran. The General quietly turned to Mayor Nash and said "You will please open the doors, Mr.

Mayor." Upon that Mayor Nash hurried up the stair case and with the assistance of others opened the door in their own way, the representatives elect following. After the hall was unlocked in the utter darkness, they entered, Lancaster going in with them and snatching the chandelier lighter ran off with it, but he was caught and it was taken away from him and at the next moment the hall was in a blaze of light and the seats filled with the members elect who all wore smiling faces, while the galleries were filled with spectators. In a short time they commenced to organize n the usual manner, nothing taking place to disturb the proceedings.

After the work of organization was affected a recess was taken and those members who were hungry found a well spread lunch in one of the committee rooms..

Before the House was called to order again there was an interchange of congratulations, and everybody seemed happy and serene in their minds. There was no difficulty in the Republican members effecting an entrance to the Senate chamber, as the doors were unlocked. Meeting with no resistance they went in and quietly took their seats. In a few minutes they entered upon the work organization. In this way was the possession of the halls of egislation occupied by men who had been deprived of their legal rights by a monstrous fraud and usurpation. The object they have in view is to have the matter brought to the Supreme Court and have the legality of both the Republican and Fusion Legislatures tested. The fact of establishing a dual Legislature did

all right enough; let the Republicans play legislature to-night if they want to. Gen. Chamberlain is reported to have said that he will not recognize Lamson or any other person chosen by the Fusion Legislature as now constituted. The Greenbackers held a caucus to-night to

not seem to cause much surprise among the

consider the situation. They are downhearted. The Republicans are jubilant. Unsuccessful Attempts to Capture Voter The latest we hear from the Farmington counted-in Representative is that he says emphatically he will not come to Augusta. A gentleman from that section imformed me today that such were the threats made to him by certain fusionists last week that he at once put himself under the protection of a deputy sheriff. He attended church in Farmington Sunday, but was accompanied by guard, and during the week past he had not left his house nor did he intend to the coming week. It is certain that Pillsbury's minions have failed to bulldoze this conscientious and worthy representative into lending a hand in this glaring fraud.

[To the Associated Press.] Augusta, Jan. 12 .- At twenty minutes to six this evening the Republican members of the Senate and House of Representatives proceeded to the State House for the purpose of organizing a Legislature. The movement was entirely unknown to the Fusionists, and but few of the Republicans outside of the immediate members were aware of the position of affairs. The news that the Republicans had

miliar with the premises taking hold and lending their assistance.

In the Senate Hon. Jeremiah Dingley, Jr. called to order, and Austin Harris was called to the chair. A heartfelt prayer was offered by Rev. Dr. Butler, member of the House. Chas. W. Tilden, Assistant Secretary of the last Senate, called the roll and eighteen Senators responded to the call. A quorum was announced present, all being Republicans, who proceeded to qualify, the oath being administered by Hon. Wm. M. Stratton. Andrew R. G. Smith was declared Senator from Lincoln county on the face of the returns. Joseph A. Locke was chosen President, receiving all the votes thrown, 19. Chas. W. Tilden was chosen Secretary: Geo. E. Brackett of Belfast, Assistant Secretary; Messenger, Chas. H. Lovejoy of Sidney; Assistant Messenger, A. B. T. Chadbourne. The following order was passed: Ordered, That a committee consisting of three members of the Senate be appointed by the President to report to the Senate for its action whether the Senate shall call upon the Justices of the Supreme Judicial Court for their opinion touching the legal organization of the Senate for the 59th Legislature, and to report for the action of the Senate such questions as the law and facts require in the premi-

The Republican members assembled in the hall of the House and were called to order by Hon. Eugene Hale, who called upon Rev. A. R. Crane of Winthrop who offered an impressive prayer. Mark Wentworth of Kittery was made temporary chairman, and Oromandel smith of Litchfield clerk. The roll was called by the clerk, who announced that he would call the roll of names, who appeared from the rolls to be chosen Representatives. Eighty-four answered to their names, and these, with others who came in afterwards, were duly qualified, the oath being adminis tered by Wm. M. Stratton, Clerk of Courts for Kennebec county. The House continued its organization by electing George E. Weeks of Augusta, Speaker; Oramandel Smith, Clerk; E. C. Burleigh, Assistant Clerk; A. F. Haines, Messenger; Chas. F. Getchell and

Mr. Hale presented the followin g: Mr. Hale presented the followin g:

Ordered, That a committee consisting of three members be appointed by the Speaker to report to this House for its action whether the House will require the Justices of the Supreme Judicial Court to give their opinion touching the legal organization of the House of Representatives for the 59th Legislature of the State of Maine and to present for the action of this House such questions as the laws and the facts demand in the premises.

The order was adopted and A. A. Strout of Portland, L. H. Hutchinson of Lewiston and Silas C. Hatch of Bangor were appointed as Silas C. Hatch of Bangor were appointed as

Mr. Strout of Portland presented the following which was adopted: ing which was adopted:

Resolved, That Isaac Hanscom of Lebanon,
Edward K. Hall of Nobleboro, George S. Hill
of Exeter, Oliver P. Bragdon of Sullivan,
Frank C. Nickerson of Linneus, Robert M.
Loring of Perry, all in this state, be admitted
to seats as members prima facic of the House
of Representatives of the 59th Legislature of
Maine, in the places of Stephen D. Leftd of
Lebanon, James W. Clark of Nobleboro, F.
W. Hill of Exeter, James W. Flye of Sullivan,
John H. Brown of Haynesville and James M.
Leighton of Perry, in the State of Maine.

At quarter to two the committee to repor questions to submit to the Supreme Court submitted a series which it was voted to submit to the court. The questions are lengthy and yet incomplete and will hot be given to the public till tomorrow. Both branches adjourn ed at 2.15 until Saturday, January 17, at two

Mr. Lamson, President of the Senate and acting Governor, will issue an order tomorrow, ordering the militia not to obey the orders of Forty enthusiastic Republicans came to the

city tonight by the Pullman train. Mr. Hale's Speech. Mr. Hale ir concluding his remarks relative to the order for submitting questions to the Supreme Court, referred to the action of Gen. Chamberlain in dispersing the armed band which has been occupying the State House and then said:

But such a government efficient as it i

or more solemn than those now hanging over us. And it is for that purpose that I have offered this order. It is that the people of the State of Maine may have submitted to the court these questions for final adjudication. When in a few days there comes from the court the direction which its right and authority gives to it, not only will this House obey it, but. Mr. Speaker, the people of the State it, but, Mr. Speaker, the people of the State of Maine will take it as a final exposition of the law upon the question of the organization of this body and it will be expected that everybody throughout the borders of the State will accept the law as laid down by the Supreme Judicial Court.

It will be a woeful day for the state of Maine It will be a woeful day for the state of Maine when anybody shall velunteer to lift his hand against such a decision. The people of Maine believe in peace. They believe perhaps as no other pele believe in order. They have been represented here by the men whose faces I now see before me. They have been represented here with moderation, with a patience that is exceedingly great and has been long suffering, and to-night has brought this matter to the head which we now witness.

I offer this order and only make these brief ter to the head which we now witness.

I offer this order and only make these brief remarks in explanation, not but that it may be well understood, but because I thought it proper that the attitude of of this House should be placed clear before the State and the country. Although offering the order I do not myself

THE RUMP LEGISLATURE.

[Special to the Press.] AUGUSTA, Jan. 12.—In the Senate this morning a communication was read from the President stating, in effect, that as the office of President stating, in effect, that as the office of Governor had become vacant, he, as President of the Senate, after a careful perusal of the Constitution, felt himself called upon to assume the duties and functions of Governor, and resigned for the time being his position.

Mr. Ellis of Waldo was chosen President over tem. Following is Lamson's letter:

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.
Augusta, Jan. 12, 1880.

To the Honorable Senate of Maine:

I have the honor to announce that a careful examination of the Constitution as interpreted by the Supreme Court, in view of the fact that the office of Governor has become vacant, it becomes my imperative duty as President of the Senate to exercise the duties of that office until another Governor shall be duly qualified. It therefore becomes my duty to inform your honorable body that in accordance with the provisions of the Constitution, and in obedience to the imperative mandates of that instrument, I have entered upon the exercise of the office of Governor for the time being. The exercise of Executive functions being inconsistent with my further acting as President of the Senate, Cannot in the meantime discharge the duties of presiding officer of your honorable body. Respectfully,

Your obedient servant,

James D. Lamson, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, Fusionists, and the leaders like Talbot, Hill and others, have laughed over it. Hill says it's

JAMES D. LAMSON, On the presentation of an order from Mr.
Patten of Penobscot that a joint convention of
the Senate and House be had for the purpose
of administering the oath to Mr. Lawson of administering the oath to Mr. Lamson as Acting Governor, Mr. Locke of Cumberland protested against the recognition of that body as it is well known that 76 members had not been duly swown and signed their names upon the roll of the House.

Mr. Patten of Penobscot said he was tired of this protesting; he believed it was a legal House. The order received a passage.

The committee of gubernatorial votes reported as follows:

affairs. The news that the Republicans had taken possession of the State House spread rapidly and caused great rejoicing among the Republicans who have been impatient to have just this result brought about.

Mr. Lamson, President of the Senate, when he saw the people assembling proceeded to Gen. Chamberlain's headquarters and excitedly said, "I protest against these men coming in." The General informed Mr. Lamson that he should permit men to come in and stay as long as they please. There was no forcible resistance whatever. The halls were lighted, minor officials of the previous Legislature fa-

sured by the acting President that he would be entitled to the floor on reassembling. Mr. Locke's remarks were made under the form of questions, one relating to the issuing of certificates to members of the House; the second relating to members of the Senate.

First—Has the Governor and Council complied with the provisions of the Constitution and the statutes in issuing certificates to those Representatives appearing by the returns to be elected? He thought not.

Second—Is this Senate as now organized a legal Senate? Upon this point he cited the action of the State Treasurer who, in his official capacity, has refused to make up the pay of the members. The action of the Governor and Council in canvassing the returns for Senators was cited and the questions brought up from each county were touched upon. He believed this not to be a legal body, and protested against taking action in any unlawful proceedings.

Mr. Patten of Penobscot said he was not disposed to criticize the action of the ex-Governor and Council. He was not disposed to take merely the word of the Senator from Cumberland, for he had not looked at the returns for Senators. He was not fully informed as to his own election further than what he knew from his certificate. The late Governor was not the one of his choice, and he was not responsible for his actions. He thought that this three-fourths of an hour speech was made for buncombe and hoped it would be so considered until proved to the contrary.

Patten of Penobscot thought this Senate should pay no attention to this lengthy debate. Strickland of Aroostook was in favor of adopting the report.

ting the report.

The order to lay upon the table was defeated

In the House as the fusionists took their seats many of their faces wore an anxious look. Nearly every member was in his seat when the Speaker's gavel called them to order at 10 o'clock. After the journal was read most of the members gave themselves up to reading the morning papers, and their attention was only diverted by a message from the Senate that Randall W. Ellis had been elected President pro tem. of that body. As the announcement seemed to be one generally expected it created no surprise and members renewed their reading of the newspasers until another announcement came from the Senate proposing a joint convention of both branches to administer the oath of office to acting Governor James D. Lamson, to be enable him to enter upon the discharge of his official duties.

Mr. Dickey of Fort Kent moved that the House concur in the Senate's proposition, and it did, and the clerk was ordered to inform the Senate to that effect.

At 11 o'clock the Senate came in and took their seats in the House, with the exception of the Republican members who remained away. Mr. Ellis, President pro tem. of the Senate, took the Speaker's chair, and after silence was restored announced the purpose of the convention.

At the instance of Mr. Patten of Penobscot,

At the instance of Mr. Patten of Penobsco

At the instance of Mr. Patten of Penobscot, a committee of three were appointed to wait on acting Governor Lamson and inform him that the Legislature were in convention and ready to administer to him the oaths required by the Constitution to qualify him to enter upon the discharge of his official duties. The committee consisted of Patten, Hill of Exeter and Dickey of Fort Kent. In a few minutes the committee reported that the acting Governorm the committee reported that the acting Gove nor had replied that he would forthwith atter upon the convention.

After a brief delay acting Governor Lamson came in, accompanied by Secretary of State Gove, and also Messrs. Monroe, Brown and Parker of Garcelon's old Council, who claim that they hold over and will act as advisory Council to Lamson

Council to Lamson.

A deathlike silence prevailed when Lamson held up his right hand and took the oath of office. The members of the convention all stood up and remained on their feet until the farce was over. It was precisely half-past 11 o'clock when the oath was administered.

After the oath was signed Secretary of State After the oath was signed Secretary of State Gove then made the following proclamation: There having occured a vacancy in the office of Governor and James D. Lamson having been duly elected President of the Senate, he is by the Constitution bound to exercise the is by the Constitution bound to exercise the office of Governor till another Governor shall be qualified. And he having in the presence of the two branches of the Legislature taken and subscribed the oaths prescribed by the Constitution to qualify him to discharge his official duties, I declare and make known to all persons in this state who are in the exercise. cise of any public trusts as well as all good citizens thereof, that James D. Lamson is Governor and commander in chief of the State of Maine, and that due obedience should be rendered to all his lawful acts and commands as such. God save the State of Maine.

The Governor and his suite then retired and went at once to the Executive chamber, and then the House adjourned until 10 o'clock THE BRIBERY INVESTIGA-TION.

A Partisan Tribunal Organized to Con-

[Special Despatch to the Press.] Augusta, Jan. 12.-"For a full, fair and unbiased investigation give me the investigatwho was elected by his constituents should be permitted to enter that hall whether he had a certificate or not. Gen. Chamberlain then sent Gen. Brown of his staff to see who the men were and also to ask Mayor Nash to step in. Gen. Brown reported that the men were all members elect. Lancaster then yelled "That is a mob and I forbid them going into the Hall!" "Then," says the General, "these gentlemen will go into the Hall if they desire." "They shan't!" exclaimed Lancaster, "I am superintendent of public buildings and I forbid it. I repudiate your authority, Gen.

I define the men here to-night. The ninety-one men who have been assembled here not one of whoh was not elected by the people as their representatives, the 91 men assembled here not one of whoh was not elected by the people as their representatives, the 91 men assembled here not one of whoh was not elected by the people as their men were assembled and organized a legal House of Representative as he came out of the hall this afternoon. His remark was caused by the action taken in committee on the alleged attempted bribery of Swan and Harriman, two fusion Representatives, by Walface R. White, a lawyer in Winthrop, the investigation and can confidently say a more partisan one was not elected by the people as their representatives, the 91 men assembled here not one of whom was not elected by the people as their marked a fusion Representative as he came marked a fusion Representative. A similar, but smaller, triangle of bilight, equal in height to one-sixth the diameters on the alleged attempted bribery of Swan and Harriman, two fusion Representatives, by Walface R. White, a lawyer in Winthrop, and the great purpose indicated by this order. All these grave questions shall be submitted to the Justices of the Suprementatives, by Walface R. White, a lawyer in Winthrop, and the great purpose indicated by this order. All these grave questions shall be submitted to the Justices of the Suprementatives, by walface R. White, a lawyer in Winthrop, and the great purpo

ntegrity, had evidently been suggested by the arch conspirator (he sitting by the side of the committee and appearing very much interest ed in the whole proceeding) and were asked in such a manner as plainly showed the drift of the whole proceeding. Swan and Harriman, the two complainants, both appeared and declared their sole wish was to expose the terrible wickedness of the Republican party. Secretary of State Gove, with his immaculate white necktie, and the great Solon, the father of reforms, also told their story with becoming decorum and strict adherence to the doctrines which underlie (?) the great Geeenback party -to uphold the right and trample under foot all wrong. The four persons named were the only witnesses examined, though in justice we will say others were subpoenaed.

will say others were subpoenaed.

Their story was in substance that on Monday preceding election Snow and Harriman became convinced (probably by conversation with the members gathered in this city) that the Republicans had the inside track, and they must do something desperate to bolster up their cause. Taking their cue from one J. C. White (a counted in Representative from the Wilton district), as they say, overtures of selling themselves for \$1000 were made to Wallace R-White, a cousin to J. O. White. Now we do not pretend to be fully informed, but it is barely possible some domestic difficulty may have prompted the counted-in fellow to instigate such a move against his cousin, who is (as we have it from the very best authority) one of the most respected citizens of Winthrop. A place of meeting was designated and the money paid over, each signing a letter of resignation to Gov. Garcelon. While one was receiving his ill-gotten wealth, the other was standing in front of the rendezvous, and although the buyer leaves the building and goes to another portion of the city after the money, no move is made towards having a third and uninterested person follow him for although the buyer leaves the building and goes to another portion of the city after the money, no move is made towards having a third and uninterested person follow him for the purpose of ascertaining his movements.

On the contrary they wait in cagar expectancy until the messenger returns, then the poor fools rush off to the Capitol where a hurried consultation is had with Gove, and by his advice poor old Solon'is mixed up in the mess. The old fellow was called out of his bed and the tale told him. Then an affidavit was made out and all hands go the Standard office where the plot finally culminates in Tuesday's issue of that paper. At the examination, be fore Solon had fairly begun his testimony a paper was pushed toward him which he carefully scrutinized. He was then asked: "Is that the affidavit Swan and Harriman made that night?" "Wall," replies the old man, "I b'lieve 'tis; at least its the substance of it!" "Is that the paper these men signed that night?" "No sir!" promptly replied the old sage. This was a damper upon the ardor of the inquisitors, and all seemed to realize it. Pillsbury impatiently chewed his tooth pick and cast furtive glances around the room which finally rested upon the reporters noting how they received the answer. This was bad; and the sage of Chase's Mills soon took his seat.

Harriman was the last witness but nothing

seat.

Harriman was the last witness but nothing further than what has been printed was the result of his examination; and, after stating that the end of this instigation was not yet reached, and that a general invitation was extended to the public to attend subsequent meetings of the committee—the chairman well knowing they could not do so without a pass from Gen. Chamberlain. This unbiased and unpartisan inquisition was adjourned till again called together by the chairman.

It is proper to state here that Mr. Wallace R. White denounces this whole thing as but another chapter in the attempted consummation of the great villainy in stealing our State. He stands prepared at any time to appear before the proper tribunal, the courts, and show up this whole case.

THE MILITIA.

Gen. Chamberlain Orders Them to Obey No One but Him. Augusta, Jan. 12.—General Chamberlain has issued the following order: HEADQUARTERS 1ST DIV. M. M. / Augusta, Jan. 12, 1880.

General Order No. 3. First-The attention of all military organiza tions now in the service of the State, and of all men liable to military duty in this State is directed to the following orders.

STATE OF MAINE,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
ANGUSTA, Jan. 5, 1880.

Special Order No. 45.
Major General Joshua L. Chamberlain is hereby authorized to protect the public property and institutions of the State until my successor is duly qualified. ALONZO GARCELON, Governor

Second-I am now discharging the dutie thus devolved on me in protecting the public property and institutions of the State until a Governor is legally elected and duly qualified. Third—Particular attention is called to the aw rendering it unlawful for any body of men other than the regularly organized corps of the militia, without authority expressly given, to associate themselves together as a military company or organizations or to parade in public with arms.

Fourth—All persons and organizations will take notice accordingly, and all authorized military organizations will understand that they are to report to me for orders until they are therwise ordered by or through me.

are otherwise ordered by or through me.

JOSHUA L. CHAMBERLAIN,

Major General.

FRANK E. NYE, Major and Assistant Adjutant

1—The several counties of this State are constituted into the first division of the militia of Maine.

2—Major General Joshua L. Chamberlain is 2—Major General Joshua L. Chamberlain is assigned to the command of the first division.

3—The commanding officers of all military organizations accepted into the service of the State are required to report to him. He will be obeyed and respected accordingly.

By order of the Governor and Commander-in-Chief.

MAINE.

Fire in Solon. Skowhegan, Jan. 12. - The Carratual House in Solon was damaged by fire last night.

ALFRED, Jan. 12.-The high school building took fire this evening from a furnace and was extinguished with difficulty. Damage considerable; covered by insurance

WASHINGTON.

The Mails and the Lotteries. Washington, Jan. 12. - The Postmaster WASHINGTON, Jan. 12. — The Postmaster General to-day sent a very long report to Congress in tresponse to a resolution asking information relative to the use of the mails by lotteries. He shows by a letter of the attorney general of Kentucky, that the lotteries in that State exist in violation of the law. The drawings of Canadian and New Brunswick companies taking place outside of the United States, no action will be taken by the department in the matter of the return of registered letters and the non payment of money orders. letters and the non payment of money orders. Orders have been issued, however to the post-master at Calais, Maine, where the New master at Calais, Maine, where the New Brunswick lottery has an agent, in regard to such letters and orders.

He cites several swindling concerns which have been indicted, including the North Denver Land Company, the Kansas Land Company, the Commonwealth Distribution Company, &c., and gives the names of parties who have been driven out of this business. He devotes considerable space to what has been accomplished in closing bogus banking concerns in New York.

Four Negroes Implicated in a Murder. Four Negroes Implicated in a Murder.
A coroner's inquest to investigate the murder of George P. Hirth, who was brutally killed and robbed on the street last Wednesday night, was adjourned from Saturday on account of insufficiency of evidence, until today. The police have since made another arrest and now have four negroes in custody, with sufficient evidence to convict them. There is great excitement over the affair and the police were compelled to take the prisoners to jail in a close carriage, and under a strong guard to prevent any act from the crowd.

Indian Baids.

Indian Raids. A telegram received at the War Depart ment from Chicago says the commanding offi-cer at Fort Stanton reports to the District of Mexico under the date of Jan. 2d, that he is informed of Indians raiding in the vicinity of the Roswell and the Black and Delaware rivers, and fears are entertained they will de-clare war on all citizens of Pecos Valley. Full particulars will be telegraphed to the com-manding officer at Fort Bayard for his im-mediate action. Gen. Pope ordered all cavalry in Southern New Mexico to march rapidly against these Indians. The Visiting Utes.

Secretary Schurz had a long conference with Chief Ouray of the Ute nation this moruing. The Secretary declines to say anything regard-ing what transpired.

ECLIPSE OF THE SUN.

Interesting Account of the Observations

in California.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Jan. 11.—A special from Fresno states that the line of totality of the eclipse of the sun passed ten miles north of this place; weather perfectly clear. At 15 minutes to 3 o'clock the first contact was visible, and at 3.53 the obscuration became total. As the last ray of the sun disappeared, a corona of clear white light entirely encircling the moon flashed into view, brilliant at the edges of the moon, and paling towards the outer limit of the halo. Next, along the border of the lower left third of the moon appeared an irregular fringe of brilliant, sparking, primitive red and purple light, while at the top of SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Jan. 11.-A specia

NEW YORK.

Bogert a Suicide. New York, Jan. 12.—An autopsy on the body of Benj. C. Bogert, the defaulting treasurer of the Produce Exchange, showed that the internal organs were all in a healthy condition, but smelled strongly of laudanum. The walls of the stomach showed unmistakable evidence of poisoning by onight. The

ble evidence of poisoning by opiate. The death certificate was written giving cause of death as a poisonous dose of laudanum. At the inquest the testimony was given that he was despondent on account of business troubles, and that when his door was broken in Thursdam, he was found unconscious, and a Thursday, he was found unconscious, and a bottle of laudanum on the table.

The coroner's jury today rendered a verdict that Boster and the coroner's large today rendered a verdict that Boster and the coroner's large today rendered a verdict that Boster and the coroner's large today rendered as th that Bogert committed suicide. Important Arrest of Forgers.

Important Arrest of Forgers.

The arrests of three bank forgers yesterday are stated to be very important. They are said to be only a portion of a gang of most accomplished forgers which has branches in Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago and other principal cities. The leader has not yet been captured. It is believed that some very strange and unexpected disclosures will be made on the trial of the prisoners and prominent names be brought out by the accused if allowed to testify on their own behalf. The prisoners are kept under very close surveillance to prevent kept under very close surveillance to prevent them from disclosing to any one, except an of-ficer of the court, the names of the principal

## MASSACHUSETTS.

Parnell in Boston. Boston, Jan. 12.—Charles Stuart Parnell, accompanied by Mr. Dillon, arrived in Boston this morning and were met by a reception committee. Parnell will speak at Music Hall committee. Farnell will speak at Music Hair tonight, and tomorrow receive addresses from various deputations. At noon he will have a public reception in Fanueil Hall. Tuesday night he will speak in Lowell, and during the remainder of the week in various New Eng-land cities.

Lynched. BEALSVILLE, Md., Jan. 12.-Saturday a negro was arrested for attempting to outrage a white girl. Yesterday morning a mob took took him from jail and hung him.

EUROPE.

Funeral of Gen. Avezzema. ROME, Jan. 12.-The real facts in regard to ame pall bearers after the procession start-when it was too late for Signor Cairoli and others to withdraw. Very Sickly in Italy.

Sad accounts are given of the condition of the population on the northern provinces of the former kingdom of Naples, where fever is epidemic over large districts. In a population of 62,000 the number sick amounts to 33,000.

The number of deaths from July to December ways 3493 Germany Distrustful of France

Berlin, Jan. 12.—Particular attention is now being paid in Berlin to the development of affairs in France. It was hoped that time would remove national antipathies and that war might be altogether avoided, but this hope has been much shaken by recent events in France. The new French cabinet, particularly De Freycinet, the Premier, is mistrusted, the latter being regarded as a creation of Gambetta. Russia's Budget. The Russian budget for I880 shows an exact

balance between income and expenditures, each being 600,000 roubles. Political Trouble Feared in Spain. PARIS, Jan. 12.—Gen. Martinez Campos is said to intend quitting Spain, an act construed as the expectation of political troubles.

AFGHANISTAN.

Reported Murder of the Leader of the Herati Troops.

London, Jan. 12.—A dispatch from Candahar says that the leader of the Herati troops has been decoyed into the city and put to death by Ayoob Khan.

No reports have reached here confirming the announcement that Abdul Rahman Khan, pretender to the Afghan throne, had arrived at Balkh. Herati Troops.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

Portland Daily Wholesale Market PORTLAND, Jan. 12. The market for Sugar is in fair demand and ad vanced 1/se to-day; we quote granulated at 101/4e Grain, Provisions, &c.

Flour. 5 25@5 75 Yellow 20 00 @24 00 68 66 ter good .... 7 50@7 75 | Bran, "Mid'ngs, "Winter fair ... 6 75@7 00 | Rye, "Winter best ... 8 00@8 25 | Produce.

Leys..... 16@18

ckens..... 12@14

ckens..... 12@14

Apples. ....1 50@2 50 Peanuts— do Eastern. 2 Wilmington.1 60@1 70 Virginia....1 50@1 62 Granulated.... Tennessee...1 20@1 35 Extra C ..... 62 Walnuts, 12@13c Syrups...... Filberts, 12@13c Pecan, 11@12c

Grand Trunk Elevator The following is a statement of Grain at the Grand Trunk Elevator, January 11:

Foreign Exports LIVERPOOL, ENG. Steamer Brooklyn—42,800 bush grain in bulk, 5550 bags barley, 879 do peas, 7053 do wheat, 1311 packages butter, 1893 do provisions, 1000 bags catmeal, 515 bbls apples, 100 boxes potatoes, 450 sacks flour, 100 bbls potash, 610 doors, 41 bbls copper ore, 42 packages bacon, 18 do poultry, 22 deer, 11 cases of boots and shoes, 2 packages merchandise.

Daily Domestic Receipts.

By water conveyance—1000 bush Cornmeal to G. Closing prices at Portland Mining Exchange, by T. H. Mansfield & Co., brokers, 67 Exchange street Portland, Me., January 12:

Boston Stock Market. (Sales of the Broker's Board, Jan. 12.) First Call. \$2,000 Eastern Railroad 4½s... \$500 Boston & Railroad 7s....... 1 Boston & Maine Railroad... 20 Eastern Railroad.... Second Board-First Call. Second Call. 10 Maine Central-Railroad . . . . . California Mining Stocks

California Mining Stocks

San Francisco, Jan. 12.—The following are the closing quotations of Mining stocks to-day:

Alpha. 11½ Hale & Norcross. 8 ½

Alta. 43% Julia Consolidated. 23%

Best & Belcher. 123½ Mexican. 13½

Bullion. 4½ Northern Belle. 10½

Ca¹fornia. 4½ Ophr. 1944

Cho.¹ar. 8 Overman\* 8%

Consolidated Va. 43% Raymond. Ca'ifornia..... Cho.'ar..... Consolidated Va... Eureka Con..... Crown Point..... Exchequer..... Gould & Curry.... Grand Prize..... New York Stock and Money Market.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12—Evening.—Money loaned at 3@4 per cent, on call; prime mercantile paper at 5@6 per cent. Sterling Exchange advanced ½ with actual business at 482@482¼ for long and 484¼@484¾ for short. Governments strong and higher. State bonds are nominal. Railroad bonds The transactions at the Stock Exchange aggregated 360,000 shares.

The toilowing are to-day's closing quot Government securities:
United States 6's, 1881, reg...
United States 6's, 1881, coup...
United States new 5's, reg...
United States new 5's, reg...
United States new 4½'s, reg...
United States new 4½'s, coup...
United States new 4½'s, coup...
United States new 4's, reg...
United States new 4's, reg...
United States new 4's.
The following were the closing quoti The following were the closing quotations Stocks:
Chicago & Rock Island.
Illinois Central.
C. B. & Quincy
Chicago & Alton
Chicago & Alton preferred.

New York Central... Lake|Shore...... Michigan Central.... Northwestern preferred.
Milwaukee & St. Paul.
New Jersey Central.
St. Paul preferred.
Union Pacific.
Western Union Tel. Co.
Morris & Essex.

Chicago Live Stock Market. Chicago Live Stock Market.
CHICAGO, Jan. 12.—Hogs—Receipts 14,000 head; shipments 1100 head; more life to the demand and prices generally 5@10e higher; mixed packing at 450@470; choice heavy at 475@485; light 4.50 @470; Philadelphias 490@495; good clearance made but market closed weak.
Cattle-Receipts 5000 head; shipments 1600 head; primeshipping and exports excited and strong at 490@550; fair to good slow at 3 60@430; butchers steady 2 00@360.
Sheep—receipts 900; shipments 200; market is Sheep—receipts 900; shipments 200; market is fairly active and strong 3 90@5 25.

MOBILE, Jan. 12.—Cotton lower to sell; Middling uplands at 1244 c.

LONDON, Jan. 12-12.30 P. M .- Consols at 97 13

LONDON, Jan. 12—12.30 P. M.—American securities—United States bonds, new at 5s, 106¾; 4½s, 110¾; 4s, 107.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 12—12.30 P.M.—Cotton market easier; Middling uplands 7d; Orleans at 7½d; receipts 2350, all American; sales 10,000 bales; for speculation and export 1,000.

LAVERPOOL, Jan. 12—12.30 P. M.—Flour at 10@ 12 G; Winter Wheat 10 8@11 6; Spring Wheat 10 2@11; California average 10 8@11 6; club do 11 5 11 10; Corn at 5 7@5 7½; Peas at 7. Provisions, &c.,—Pork at 60; Beef at 82; Bacon at 36 6@38; Cheese at 69; Lard 40 6. Tallow at 37, at Lor lon at 45.

MARRIAGES.

In Bristol, Jan. 1, Everett W. Sproul and Miss Nettie J. Fossett.

DEATHS.

In this city, Jan. 11, Thomas S. Olive, aged 49 years 11 months.

(Funeral this Tuesday forenoon, at 11 o'clock, at No. 27 Bracket street.

In this city, Jan. 12, of scarlet fever, George Skolfield, only son of Willis M. and Lida R. Chenery, aged 6 months 18 days.

In Gorham, Jan. 2, of diphtheria, Geo. H.. youngest child of Orrin and Margaret Westcott, aged 7 years 10 months 2 days.

In Somerville, Mass., Jan. 9, Myra, daughter of Frank W. and Emma A. Green, aged 1 year and 1 month.

In Fairfield, Jan. 7, Mrs. Abigail Stevens, aged

An Fatther, Can. 2, Zenas B. Rogers, aged 31 yrs. In Fairfield, Jan. 2, Zenas B. Rogers, aged 31 yrs. In Augusta, Jan. 1, Mrs. Drusilla F. Baker, Bidow of the late Daniel 6. Baker, aged 67 years.

In Augusta, Dec. 31, Mrs. Eliza A. Blackburn, aged 39 years 8 months.

NOTICE.—"Congress" is one of the oldest and largest selling baking powders in the United States. It makes light doughnuts, dumplings, biscuits, cake. &c., &c. CONGRESS Yeast Powder and Slade's English Mustard received the award at Mechanics Fair, 1878. Always reliable, and the ladies' fav-

SPECIAL NOTICES.

SILKS

DRESS GOODS

Special Sale.

on many of our DRESS GOODS, and shall this

**GREAT BARGAINS!** 

46 inch All Wool Chudda Cloth at

43c per yard. Usual price 75c.

40 inch Thibet in dark Green and

33 inch All Wool Cashmeres, good

24 inch Camels Hair Serge, all

24 inch Basket Cloth, All Wool,

mostly browns, 35c. These have sold at from 50 to 65c.

24 inch Silk and Wool Novelty

Cheney Bros. Brocade Silks, good

Suits, Cloaks and Dolmans, to

534 Congress St.

Bronze Browns, fine and heavy,

norning offer the following

colors, at 39c.

wool, at 31c.

Goods, 36c.

colors, at \$1.25.

close, very cheap.

In Jefferson Ella G. Davis.

NEW YORK, Jah. 12—Evening—Flour.—Receipts 25,086 bbls; market heavy and 10@20e lower with a very limited export demand; sales—; No 2 at 4 00@4 75; Superfine Western and State at 5 00@ 50; od to choice do at 6 10@5 50; White Wheat Western extra at 6 50@7 00; fancy do at 7 10@8 50; extra Ohio at 5 90@7 75; extra St. Lows at 5 90@ 8 25; patent Minnesota extra at 7 25@8 00; choice to double extra at 8 10@9 00, including 400 bbls City Mills extra 6 60@6 75; 1700 bbls No 2 at 4 00 @4 75; 800 bbls Superfine at 5 06@6 50; 300 bbls ove extra at 5 50@9 05, 57; 2,700 bbls Winter Wheat extra at 5 50@9 00, market closing dull and weak, Southern flour is dull and heavy; sales 500 bbls; extra 6 00@ 6 25; choice 6 85@8 50. Wheat—export 43,937 centals; receipts 46,172 centals; lower, closing dull and heavy; sales 1,127,000, including 135,000 on spot; rejected Spring 1 15; No 3 Chicago at 1 35@ 1 37; ungraded Whiter Red 1 45@1 48; No 2 do at 1 50@1 51; ungraded White at 1 46%@1 47%; No 1 do, 25,000 at 1 48@1 48; No 2 Red for January, 56,000 at 1 49. Fay lower; State at 93@39% Corn—exports 20,994 centals; receipts 177,100; old without decided change; new %4.@%c lower and heavy; sales 322,000, including 147,000 on spot; ungraded with the state of the st 1c to \$1.00 Per Yard. CALL AND EXAMINE. EASTMAN BROS.

534 Congress St. FINANCIAL. H. M. PAYSON & CO., DEALERS IN Government Bonds.

CITY AND TOWN BONDS. BANK STOCK, &C. No. 32 Exchange Street au28 PORTLAND, MAINE. H. N. PINKHAM, Stock and Bond Broker

> No. 50 Exchange St., PORTLAND, ME. dlm Swan & Barrett, BANKERS AND BROKERS,

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Akasa

FIVE CENT CIGAR

is the best at its price in the city. For sale at

Schlotterbeck's Drug Store,

501 CONGRESS STREET.

Open Twenty-Four Hours a Dav. sndtf

HAMBURGS!

A Large Lot Just Received.

PRICES FROM

186 Middle Street, (CANAL BANK BLOCK.) Dealers in Government, Municipal and Railroad Securities. L S. "Called" Bonds CASHED or exchanged on favorable terms.

775 bid March.

St. Louis, Jan. 12.—Flour easier. Wheat unsettled and lower; No 2 Red Fall at 1 32 eash; 1 31% 2 1 32 for January; 1 334% 32 35% for February; 1 364% 334% for March; No 3 Red Fall at 1 22 bid. Corn lower at 37@374% eash; 37c January; 37% 23c for May. Oats lower at 37% 37% 6 25c for decay; 374% 23c for February; 37% 23c for May. Oats lower at 37% 23c for decay; 37% 2 January; 37% 23c for feb. Rye dull at 32c. Barley is unchanged. Pork lower; jobbing 13 25. Lard nominally lower at 740. Bulk Meats dull; shoulders at 4 10@4 15; clear rib 6 50@6 60; clear sides 6 65@6 75.

Receipts—4,000 bbls flour, 17,000 bush wheat, 37,000 bush corn, 8,000 bush oats, 4,000 bush rye, 7,000 bush sarley.

Shipments—5,000 bbls flour, 7,000 bush wheat, 143,000 bush corn, 3,000 bush oats, 000 bush barley.

DETROIT, Jan. 12.—Wheat is easier; extra 1 33; No 1 White at 1 33; 1 33 for January; 1 36 for February; 1 3944 for March; 1 42 for April; 1 44 May. United States, State, City, Town and Railroad Bonds NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 12.—Cotton steady; Middling Bought and Sold by Мемения, Jan. 12.—Cotton dull; Middling uplands 12%c. SAVANNAH, Jan. 12.—Cotton easy; Middling uplands at 121/4c. Woodbury & Moulton

Cor. Middle & Exchange Sts. State. City and Town Bonds

**GOV'T SECURITIES** BOUGHT AND SOLD. SAMUEL HANSON. Banker and Broker, 194 MIDDLE STREET.

FRENCH AND AMERICAN

CLOCKS which is entirely new and has been carefully se lected for the Holiday trade. We have also THE LARGEST STOCK

SILVER AND PLATED WARE

Atwood&Wentworth 509 Congress St.

POSITIVE **CLOSING OUT** SALE!

Having decided to close up our RETAIL BUSINESS, we shall offer our entire stock at greatly REDUCED PRICES Feb. 1st, we have decided to make great reductions

> - FOR THE -NEXT 80 DAYS.

Merrill & Co., 529 CONGRESS ST.

Look! Look!

Gents' Hand Sewed Cloth Top Luced
Boots \$6.00
Gents' Hand Sewed Cloth Top Congress Boots 6.00
Gents' Wescott's Cf. Luced Boots 4.50
Gents' Wescott's Cf. Creedmore,
(Something New) 5.00
Gents' Eng Grain Laced Boots 4.50
Gents' Grain Boots 1.75 to 3.50
Ladies' Seamless Goat Boots, Four
Widths 2.00 Widths 2.00
Ladies' Seamless Kid Boots, Three
Widths 2.00
A few pairs of French Calf Cong. and
Button, of the best Newark make at cost to close.

Heavy stock of Rubber, Kip and Calf
Boots at the lowest prices. Rubber and
Leather repairing done at store.

EASTMAN BROS., DAVIS & CARTLAND,

210 MIDDLE STREET. oc17 Under Falmouth Hotel. codtf